

Instructions For Use

RA0659-C-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: May 7, 2024

Revision: 1

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Recombinant CD3e (T-Cell Marker); Clone C3e/3125R (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u>

RA0659-C.1 0.1 ml RA0659-C.5 0.5 ml RA0659-C1 1 ml

Description:

Species: Rabbit

Immunogen: Recombinant human CD3e fragment (around aa 23-119) (exact sequence is proprietary)

Clone: C3e/3125R Isotype: IgG / Kappa

Entrez Gene ID: 916 Hu Chromosome Loc.: 11q23.3

Synonyms: T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain, T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain,

CD3 epsilon; CD3 TCR complex; T cell antigen receptor complex epsilon subunit of T3; T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain; T3E;

TCRE; TiT3 complex

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 20-25kDa

Format: 200ug/ml of antibody purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM

PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: Recognizes the epsilon-chain of CD3, which consists of five different polypeptide chains

(designated as gamma, delta, epsilon, zeta, and eta) with MW ranging from 16-28kDa.

Background: The CD3 complex is closely associated at the lymphocyte cell surface with the T cell antigen

receptor (TCR). Reportedly, CD3 complex is involved in signal transduction to the T cell interior following antigen recognition. The CD3 antigen is first detectable in early thymocytes and probably represents one of the earliest signs of commitment to the T cell lineage. In cortical thymocytes, CD3 is predominantly intra-cytoplasmic. However, in medullary thymocytes, it appears on the T cell surface. CD3 antigen is a highly specific marker for T cells, and is present

in majority of T cell neoplasms.

Species Reactivity: Human

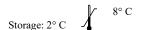
Positive Control: Jurkat and MOLT-4 cells. Human tonsil or lymph node.

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 1-2 μg/ml

Western Blotting: 2-4 µg/ml

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.





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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

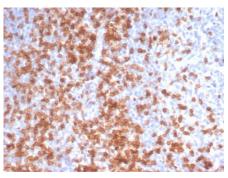
tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.





Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil stained with CD3e Rabbit Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody (C3e/3125R).

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Highly Recommended):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Tris-EDTA HIER Solution (10x) pH 9.0 (ScyTek catalog# TES500) or Citrate Plus (10x) HIER Solution (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions:

Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

1. Cibull ML et. al. Histopathology, 1989, 15(6):599-605

2. Mason DY et. al. Journal of Clinical Pathology, 1989, 42(11):1194-200

Warranty:

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