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# Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker); Clone LK2H10 & PHE5 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	Item # Volume RA0094-C.5 0.5 ml
Description:	
Species: Immunogen: Clone: Isotype: Entrez Gene ID: Hu Chromosome Loc.:	Mouse Human pheochromocytoma (LK2H10 & PHE5) LK2H10 & PHE5 IgG1, kappa (LK2H10 & PHE5) 1113 (Human); 12652 (Mouse) 14q32.12
Synonyms:	Beta-Granin; CGA; CHGA; Chromogranin A Parathyroid Secretory Protein 1; ER-37; Pancreastatin; Parastatin; Parathyroid Secretory Protein 1; Pituitary Secretory Protein I; SP-I; Vasostatin I or II 68-75kDa
Mol. Weight of Antigen: Format:	200μg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.
Specificity:	Chromogranin A is present in neuroendocrine cells throughout the body, including the neuroendocrine cells of the large and small intestine, adrenal medulla and pancreatic islets. It is an excellent marker for carcinoid tumors, pheochromocytomas, paragangliomas, and other neuroendocrine tumors.
Background:	Co-expression of chromogranin A and neuron specific enolase (NSE) is common in neuroendocrine neoplasms. Reportedly, co-expression of certain keratins and chromogranin indicates neuroendocrine lineage. The presence of strong anti-chromogranin staining and absence of anti-keratin staining should raise the possibility of paraganglioma. The co- expression of chromogranin and NSE is typical of neuroendocrine neoplasms. Most pituitary adenomas and prolactinomas readily express chromogranin.
Species Reactivity: Positive Control: Cellular Localization: Titer/ Working Dilution:	Human, Monkey, Pig, Mouse and Rat. Others not known.PC12 cells. Adrenal gland, bowel, thyroid, pancreas, or pheochromocytoma.Finely granular cytoplasmicImmunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed):0.5-1 μg/million cellsImmunofluorescence:0.5-1 μg/milWestern Blotting:0.5-1 μg/milImmunoprecipitation:0.5-1 μg/500μg protein lysate
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.





### CE

Ec REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

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## Instructions For Use RA0094-C.5-IFU-RUO

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**Uses/Limitations:** 

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.

#### Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



Formalin-paraffin small cell lung carcinoma stained with Chromogranin A; Clone LK2H10 & PHE5.

#### Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

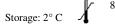
 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

#### **References:**

- 1. Konecki DS et. al. J Biol Chem 1987;262:17026-30.
- 2. Lloyd RV et. al. Am J Pathol 1988; 130:296-304.

Warranty: No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.





ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.



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