

Instructions For Use MAY-IFU

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May-Grunwald Stock Solution

Description and Principle

May-Grunwald Stock Solution is a component of the Giemsa Stain Kit (Catalog# GMG-1) and is intended for use in the visualization of cells present in hematopoietic tissues as well as certain microorganisms. This kit may be used on formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections or standard peripheral blood smears.

Expected Results

Giemsa Stain Kit Results (requires ScyTek's entire GMG-1 Giemsa Stain Kit (May-Grunwald):

Nuclei: Blue/Violet
Cytoplasm: Light Blue
Collagen: Pale Pink
Muscle Fibers: Pale Pink

Erythrocytes: Gray, Yellow or Pink

Rickettsia: Reddish-Purple

Helicobacter pylori: Blue

Mast Cells: Dark Blue with Red Granules

Kit Contents (Cat# GMG-1)	<u>Storage</u>
Additional Kit Reagents Sold Separately	
May-Grunwald Stock Solution	18-25°C
Giemsa Stock Solution	18-25°C
3. Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8	18-25°C

Suggested Controls (not provided)

Blood Film, Bone Marrow, Spleen, Any well fixed tissue.

Uses/Limitations

For In-Vitro Diagnostic use only. Do not use past expiration date.

Use caution when handling reagents.

Non-Sterile

This procedure has not been optimized for frozen sections.

Frozen sections may require protocol modification.

Storage

Store kit and all components at room temperature (18-25°C).

Safety and Precautions

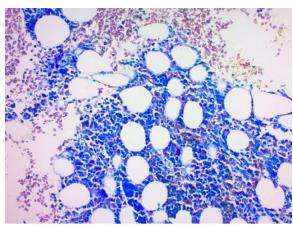
Please see current Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for this product and components GHS classification, pictograms, and full hazard/precautionary statements

Procedure (Standard):

 Deparaffinize sections if necessary and hydrate to distilled water. For blood smears fix in methanol for 5 minutes before staining.

Prepare Working May-Grunwald Solution by mixing equal parts (1:1) May-Grunwald Stock Solution and Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8.

- 2. Flood slide with Working May-Grunwald Solution for 5-7 minutes. Note: Agitate slide occasionally to insure proper staining.
- 3. Carefully flood slide with Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8 until stain no longer runs off.



Bone Marrow stained with the Giemsa Stain Kit (May-Grunwald) (For Bone Marrow)

When staining tissue samples prepare Working Giemsa Solution by mixing 60μ I (~2 drops) of Giemsa Stock Solution per 1ml of Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8.

If staining a peripheral blood smear, instead mix 200µl (~6 drops) of Giemsa Stock Solution per 1ml of Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8.

- 4. Flood slide with Working Giemsa Solution for 10-15 minutes. Note: Agitate slide occasionally to insure proper staining.
- 5. Carefully flood slide with Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH $6.8\,\mathrm{mtil}$ stain no longer runs off.
- 6. Allow slide to remain in Phosphate Buffer Solution, pH 6.8 for an additional 3 minutes.
- 7. Dip slide quickly in distilled water to remove buffer and air dry at room temperature.
- 8. Clear slide in Xylene or Xylene Substitute.
- 9. Mount in synthetic resin.

Notes:

- Background in tissue sections may be differentiated by dipping slide in a solution of 0.25% Acetic Acid (not provided). This may allow for better visualization of mast cells.
- 2. The Working Solutions will immediately begin to precipitate once mixed, use immediately and do not re-use or store for later use.

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 3. Laboratory Medicine: Vol. 25, No. 6, June 1994, page 389.

 4. De Brauwer, E., Jacobs, J., Nieman, F., Bruggeman, C., Drent, M. Test Characterisics of Acridine Orange, Gram, and May-Grunwald-Giemsa Stains for Enumeration of Intracellular Organisms in Bronchoalveolar Lavage Fluid. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 1999, 37(2): pages 427-429.

 5. Amer, M., Abd Elnasser, T., El Haggar, S., Mostafa, T., Abdel-Malak, G., Zohdy, W. May-Grunwald-Giemsa stain for detection of spermatogenic cells in the ejaculate: a
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 6. Ferro, D.P., Falconi, M.A., Adam, R.L., Ortega, M.M., Lima, C.P., de Souza, C.A.,
- Lorand-Metze, I., Metze, K. Fractal Characteristics of May-Grunwald-Giemsa Stained Chromatin Are Independent Prognostic Factors for Survival in Multiple Myeloma. 2011, Plos ONE 6(6): e20706. Doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0020706.

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