

# Instructions For Use A00153-IFU-IVD

Rev. Date: Feb. 25, 2015

**Revision: 1** 

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

## Melanoma Associated Antigen; Clone KBA.62 (Ready-To-Use)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u>

A00153-0002 2 ml A00153-0007 7 ml A00153-0025 25 ml

**Description:** 

Specificity:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Human KAL cells derived from lymph node metastasis of malignant melanoma

Clone: KBA.62
Isotype: IgG1, kappa
Entrez Gene ID: Not Known
Hu Chromosome Loc.: Not Known

Synonyms: Human Melanoma Associated Antigen; KBA.62

Mol. Weight of Antigen: Multiple (140, 135 and 128kDa and two weak bands of 88 and 73kDa)

Format: This antibody has been pretitered and quality controlled to work on formalin-fixed paraffin-

embedded as well as acetone fixed cryostat tissue sections. No further titration is required.

KBA.62 is a novel anti-melanoma antibody. It reacts positively against melanocytic tumors but not against other tumors, thus demonstrating specificity and sensitivity. Moreover, it reacts positively against junctional nevus cells but not intradermal nevi, and against fetal melanocytes

but not normal adult melanocytes.

Background: The KBA.62 antibody is useful in identifying malignant melanomas. Metastatic amelanotic

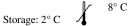
melanoma can often be confused with a variety of poorly differentiated carcinomas, large cell lymphomas, sarcomas, spindle cell carcinomas, and various types of mesenchymal neoplasms. A keratin-negative, vimentin-rich neoplasm that immuno-reacts with an antibody to S-100 protein and with KBA.62 antibody is, with rare exception, a melanoma. Anti-KBA.62 is a useful additional marker for melanoma, specifically in desmoplastic/spindle cell cases, and in the

context of micro-metastasis in the sentinel lymph node.

Species Reactivity: Human. Others not known.

Positive Control: Melanoma
Cellular Localization: Cell Surface

Titer/Working Dilution: No further dilution is required. Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.









### Instructions For Use 00153-IFU-I

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**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

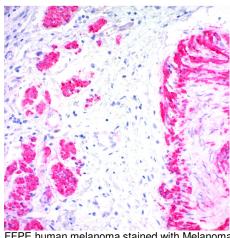
tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



FFPE human melanoma stained with Melanoma Associated Antigen; Clone KBA.62 using UltraTek Alk-Phos and Permanent Red Chromogen. 200X

#### Procedure:

- Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required): Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. Visualization: For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

**Precautions:** Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

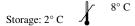
This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

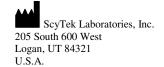
OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

### References:

- E Cohen-Knafo, T al Saati, J Aziza, E Ralfkiaer, J Selves, B Gorguet, and G Delsol. Production and characterisation of an antimelanoma monoclonal antibody KBA.62 using a new melanoma cell line reactive on paraffin wax embedded sections. J Clin Pathol. 1995; 48(9): 826-831.
- Cécile Pagès et. al. KBA.62: a useful marker for primary and metastatic melanomas. Human Pathology 39(8):1136–1142; 2008.

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